

TAKES IT.
INTERVIEW WITH
JACKSON.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VCL XVIII.

THE MEXICAN TROUBLE.

10 NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN THE MATTER.

Cutting Thinks He Will be Assassinated—The Law of Mexico Touching His Case—The Press on General Jackson's Resignation—Texas Clamoring for War With Mexico.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—[Special.]—Nothing new has developed today relative to the Cutting case.

Referring to the rumored resignation of Minister Jackson, the New York Herald to day says:

He had an ambition to promote closer commercial relations between the two countries, and particularly the southern field of trade, and by wise and persistent efforts he built up a market in closer bonds of friendship, while developing more outlets for the commerce of both Mexico and the United States. In his attempt in this direction he does not seem to have been seconded by the authorities at Washington. Both in congress and the state department his determination was to throw cold water upon the enthusiastic aspects of this character, and he alienated and disappointed many of his hopes and seeing no likelihood of their realization in the immediate future, General Jackson has come to the conclusion that there is little to be gained for him by prolonging his stay outside his own country. It is possible, in view of the complication which may arise in the Cutting case, that it will be desirable for Mr. Jackson to remain at his post for some time yet; but if he does it will be only from patriotic motives and not because he has confidence in the cause in which he is engaged.

F. H. E.

MEXICAN CORRUPTION.

Courts Where a Prisoner Has No Rights, and Justice is Sold.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—Major General John G. Walker, West Point graduate, who served with distinction in the confederate army, and is now in the employ of the Indian Bureau, gives interesting details of the social and political status in Mexico. Speaking of the existing trouble and other outrages by the Mexican, he said: "Several years ago, residence in Mexico enables me to state with conviction that there is not a country in the whole of Christendom where the administration of criminal justice is so corrupt, inhuman and inefficient as in the states of Mexico. In rather extensive travels I have seen nothing to compare with it except, perhaps, the cadi system of Asiatic Turkey, and that is but little worse. It is not the fault of their written laws, for they are well adopted by most of the states based on the old civil law, and afford the experience and wisdom of more than two thousand years. The trouble is in moral corruption that prevails among all classes, from the biggest to the lowest."

"Colonel Renfrow," continued Tobe, "that these very same two parties to go with Colonel Renfrow while he money to his oars bank to be sent to all such as to lead to our trouble. They know them, and Fite and Collins put me and the same crowd as the man who killed not shoot him, and he was

tried and was pre-judged with per-

sonal bias on a charge of

and has publicly said

but then there's no tell-

I am here with my

now what is going on, but

they are after the news,

but who it hurts. Don't

ever have given myself up

were innocent! Of course

had have got away say

the last thing renunciations were passed favoring

an immediate war with Mexico.

NO SIGNS OF WAR.

No Movement of Troops or Vessels Has Been Made.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—It is stated at the war and navy departments today that while the fighting branches of the government are in a state of readiness of readiness for active offensive or defensive operations, difficulties with Mexico are as yet the exclusive concern of the diplomatic branch, and that no movements of troops or vessels have yet been ordered with a view to a possible war.

At the state department it is said that there is nothing new which it would be proper to make public at present, but that there is still no reason to doubt the amicable adjustment of the Mexican affairs. It is unofficially learned that the correspondence of the chargé d'affaires is expected to bring about definite results in a few days and that the direct objects sought to be accomplished by this government are first the release of Cutting, and second a renunciation of the claim by Mexico of extra territorial jurisdiction.

THE MEXICAN LAW.

Extracts from the Brief of the Prosecuting Attorney in the Cutting Case.

EL PASO, August 10.—During the afternoon Editor Cutting was called before the court and notified that he had been granted an appeal to the supreme court of Chihuahua, and that the lawyer who had been officially assigned to his defense had forwarded the necessary papers in the case. He also fears that he will be suspended as soon as he leaves Paso del Norte, and the Mexican consul, who thinks that at the present juncture dispatches are to him, is sending him a telegram to the effect that he tried to escape. It is learned that Cutting sent the following telegram to Governor Ireland last evening:

"As a citizen of the state of Texas, I ask of you that you do not let my friends assure me you can and will come to me."

This dispatch was sent against the most urgent advice of Consul Brigham, and it is the first time that Cutting has failed to follow implicitly the suggestions of the consul, who thinks that at the present juncture dispatches are to him.

There is only one small company of infantry at Fort Bliss.

The citizens of El Paso yesterday formed three volunteer companies to protect the city and guard it against surprise from the other side. Paso del Norte is full of Mexicans, and rumors are in circulation that more are coming. In fact, there are all kinds of exciting rumors floating through the town. One is to the effect that three hundred Mexican horsemen are at Tarazona, on the Mexican side of the river, about fifteen miles below El Paso, opposite the Texas town of Ysleta. The commander at Fort Bliss has sent down to investigate the rumors.

Yesterday a number of copies of the legal brief in the Cutting case, in pamphlet form, reached El Paso from Chihuahua.

The brief is the work of Jesus Palacios, leading lawyer in the state of Chihuahua, and may be regarded as official.

It makes an elaborate defense of the Mexican side of the question, and attempts to show that article 186 of the Chihuahua general code, which provides for the punishment in Mexico of offenses committed in other countries, is not only in accord with the Mexican constitution, but also with the international law and treaties with the United States.

Among the authorities on international law it quotes Hegel, Felix, Albrecht, Bluntschilz, and more particularly, Falcan. It comes to the following conclusions:

1. That article 186 is perfectly applicable to the case of Cutting.

2. That the article is in perfect accord with the

Mexican constitution and treaties with the United States.

That the article is fully justified by doctrines and precedents of international law.

The brief calls the demand to deliver up Cutting "most ridiculous."

Article 186 referred to reads as follows:

"One convicted in a foreign country by Mexican against Mexican shall be punished in the republic either when the offender shall come into the country of his own free will or have been brought there by force."

If the person offending is a foreigner and complaint be made against him by a proper party.

So if the accused has not been definitely tried in the country where the offense was committed, and if he has not been released, absolved or pardoned, then if the offense he is charged with is considered by him as an offense punishable in the country where it was committed and also in the republic of Mexico.

6th. If in accordance with laws extant, penalty imposed upon conviction would not allow the prisoner's admission to bail.

Cutting is still in jail, and the time for conveying him to Chihuahua has not been made public. In the absence of any Washington news concerning the appointment of the commissioners, complications cause great anxiety.

There are no new developments to report in the Cutting case. Both sides of the river are quiet tonight, and are awaiting further developments from their respective capitals, both national and national. It is reported that many Mexican soldiers are trying to desert, but their officers watch them very closely. El Paso has three volunteer companies, fully armed and equipped with the best improvements in arms, contributed by local merchants.

MR. CLAGETT'S APPOINTMENT.

No Surprise at Cutting's Sentence.—The Legal Aspects of the Case.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, August 10. News of the sentence of Cutting was received here without surprise, but it is not generally believed that he will serve his sentence. Leading newspapers are discussing the case in its legal aspects, without any confirmation. The Foreign daily news of the legal stability of the capital has a long article on the case, citing many other similar cases and a long array of legal opinions, coming to the conclusion that Mexico stands on sound legal ground.

The Siglo Diez Muve, supporter of the administration, takes the same view and urges that both governments adhere to the spirit of the trial. The Quince de Mayo, which in a recently-first article provides for a careful and amicable adjustment of all questions of difference in the spirit of good neighborhood.

READY FOR WAR.

The Howell Artillery and the Walton Guards Volunteer.

MONROE, Ga., August 10.—[Special.]—Last night at the meeting of the Walton Guards, immediately after the company was formed, Captain Napier alluded to the Mexican trouble, stating that it had been telegraphed to call for volunteers. Then all who would be ready to march in such an event was ordered to step out. A new line was formed, the men, without an exception, stepping briskly to the front. Should war be declared the force of the Guards could at once be increased to one hundred men.

The company also passed resolutions agreeing to unanimously support two men for the legislature who would pledge themselves to vote for or introduce a measure to aid the state troops by better equipping and providing for them.

MONROE'S BATTERY READY FOR ACTION.

SANDEVILLE, Ga., August 10.—Editors Constitution: Howell's Battery, a company that made a name during our late unpleasantness, composed of two guns, is ready to action whenever a call for volunteers is made.

M. D. C. SUMMERLIN,
Captain Commanding.

A Mass Meeting For War.

MINNEAPOLIS, Tex., August 10.—Friends of Governor Ireland here are jubilant over the endorsement of his policy by the states, and the city is full of excitement in favor of the United States taking a decided stand against Mexico. There could be one thousand men ready here for a Mexican war. At a mass meeting last night resolutions were passed favoring an immediate war with Mexico.

HE WILL HANG YET.

John Cardwell Brought Back to Prison.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 10.—[Special]—John Cardwell, the Wilkes county man who was to have been hanged at Wilkesboro on the 23d of last July, but who was rescued from jail and spirited away by his friends a few days before the date set for the execution, has been condemned to death again at Wilkesboro, and quarters in the jail at Wilkesboro. His capture was effected last Saturday by two boys named Bishop, their ages being 19 and 20 years respectively. These two boys had been on Cardwell's trail for several days, and on Saturday they espied him in an old field not far from Wilkesboro. Cardwell was unarmed, and the boys captured him without any difficulty, and marched him off to jail. When the captors arrived at the jail, they found that the two Bishop boys soon got upon his track and bounded him down. The two boys will get the \$200 offered by Governor Seales for Cardwell's capture. Cardwell appears to be considerably cast down over his arrest and imprisonment, and is again rescued from jail, or dies of disease or exposure to the good of the law. Cardwell was tried at the May term of the superior court for Wilkes county, before Judge W. J. Montgomery, on charge of committing an assault upon the person of his own daughter, and was found guilty. The sentence of death was passed upon him, but as the day of execution drew near, a petition for a writ of habeas corpus was filed in the superior court for Wilkes county, before Judge W. J. Montgomery, on charge of committing an assault upon the person of his own daughter, and was found guilty. The sentence of death was passed upon him, but as the day of execution drew near, a petition for a writ of habeas corpus was filed in the superior court for Wilkes county, before Judge W. J. Montgomery, on charge of committing an assault upon the person of his own daughter, and was found guilty. 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A HORRIBLE OUTRAGE.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN MOORE'S CRIME IN MACON.

The Girl Confesses—Her Pitiable Flight—A Heartless Villain Exonerated—Five Dollars a Head—The East Macon Nickel Club.

MACON, Ga., August 10.—[Special.]—Jim Moore's case grows blacker and blacker every day. When your correspondent first reported the matter, but little was being said about it, and most people thought it was but another added to the list of ordinary escapades that are all too common where houses of assignation, furnish and vile procresses go unpunished, as is the case in the lower life of most large cities.

Your correspondent, however, was satisfied that a damnable crime had been committed from the beginning, and his opinion is corroborated by

TODAY'S DEVELOPMENTS,

which tend to fasten around the criminal a crime of the blackest dye.

Mr. Laney took the unfortunate Mamie Little to his home, yesterday, and the poor girl, who had suffered such mental anguish and bodily agony as to become dull and insensible to her sufferings, was so wrought upon by words of kindness and acts of sympathy, that she opened the floodgates of her broken heart and breathed into the ear of her benefactress a tale of dark horrors, unrivaled in the criminal annals of this city.

The girl has been brutally outraged, as is plain from marks which she bears on her person. Her clothing bare evidence of a struggle with the brute, in which her poor weak hands were powerless to protect her violated honor from the strong arms of her assailant.

After saying that she was afraid and ashamed to tell the full story of her wrongs among that multitude of strange and unsympathetic faces that thronged the courtroom, she made

A FULL STATEMENT

to Mrs. Laney.

She said that Moore had tried in vain to accomplish his designs in the open highway while in the hack, and arriving at Jane Kendricks, and being repulsed by that woman, he had told her that he had her in his power; he had brought her there, and d—her, she should go with him or

HE WOULD KILL HER.

Thus frightened, friendless and hopeless, she went away weeping, and at the other place, kept by Sarah Robinson, she had remained in the room alone with him for half an hour, weeping and begging for mercy. He told her of his purpose and swore that he would accomplish it—all the time keeping his pistol in one hand.

Sarah Robinson corroborates a part of the story, in so far as she kept by him in the room for half an hour, and that the girl was left behind and bemoaned her sad fate.

She says now that she has no heart.

"MY FUTURE IS BLASTED

and I am forever lost. I do not want to go anywhere, but prefer to be alone with my sorrow."

After hearing these statements, Chief Wiley sent a detail of four men who guarded Moore until he was safely locked in the county jail. He then changed his warrant from "an attempt to rape" to "committing a rape."

Colonel Wiley approached Moore in his cell and said: "Moore, you want to pay your fine and the city needs the money. But you had better send the fifty dollars to your poor wife and children, for they need it. I am going to have you taken to jail for rape."

"Humph!" ejaculated Moore, half smiling, "that girl made some mistake."

He afterwards selected a man to give him a pistol and he would end the matter, and afterwards, when the officers were taking him to jail, he asked one of them for a pistol, saying he would end all the trouble. As he entered the jail he remarked: "Well, boys, I reckon you will never see me on the grit again, send for my wife."

He evidently fully realizes the dreadful enormity of his crime.

FELIC FEELING

is very strong against the prisoner, and excited groups of men discussed the matter as the rumour spread over the city. Threats of lynching and imprecations on the head of the criminal were heard on every hand, and could the people have gotten their hands on him when the excitement was at its height, he would probably have been summarily dealt with. Cooler counsels prevailed, however, and our clear headed chief of police was as vigilant as he usually is, and any attempt at mob violence would have been met with a firm resistance from the authorities.

Sarah Robinson and Jane Kendrick have both been locked up, and their evidence will be forthcoming at the proper time. No preliminary trial will be had just at present.

DE M'CATTHON'S STATEMENT.

Dr. McHatton was sent to treat the unfortunate victim today, and to examine and report the extent and character of her injuries.

On his return he confirmed the statement as to the girl's having been outraged. Her clothing was terribly torn and she is suffering from the fearful shock to her nervous system.

The crowd is quiet, and all the police force and about thirty special constables are guarding the jail.

There is little likelihood of mob violence tonight, as the officials being too much on the alert. Jailer Birdsong desires to thank the police department and citizens for their timely aid in preventing mob violence.

At midnight all is quiet. There were various groups of men on Fourth street South Macon and East Macon, who gathered in response to various calls looking toward lynching Moore. There were several hundred people all told, but no organized movement. The security with which the jail was guarded probably checked them. According to telegrams received by Chief Wiley from Atlanta and Savannah, the girl's virtue is unquestionable.

Lieutenant Wood's squad of policemen are on duty in jail, and Lieutenant Willy's squad are on duty on the street. There is little appearance of a mob at this hour, midnight.

Fruits and Flowers.

MACON, Ga., August 10.—[Special.]—Your correspondent was sent a call yesterday from the Bell company, and was informed that there was no significant. There was in the cluster, and they weighed three and three-quarter pounds. This is the second year's bearing, and the tree is about twelve feet high, and grows on the farm of Mr. Lowe, two and a half miles from Macon.

Judge C. J. Harris left a fine specimen of Leontine pear at THE CONSTITUTION office today. It was grown in his orchard near the city.

Mr. C. B. Townsend was the recipient of a handsome box of flowers and grapes from Griffin friends, today. The fragrance of the blossoms and the flavor of the grapes penetrated the sanctum of THE CONSTITUTION man, and almost softened his sordid soul. Mr. Townsend surely ought to be very fond of his Griffin friends.

New Postoffice Appointment.

MACON, Ga., August 10.—[Special.]—For some time efforts have been made to create another carrier service for the night delivery

of the Macon postoffice for the benefit of newspapers and business men. Through the exertions of Hon. James Blount, the third Trustee of Hartman's estate, and to-day, Colonel E. G. Cassidy, a young Irishman, is the position. This service will extend to the leading business houses on the principal blocks of the city. It will take Cassidy some time to learn but when he gets straightened out it will be a matter of great convenience.

Colonel Hartman, now has a cosmopolitan gathering of negroes, Greeks, Italian, French, Africans, mulattoes, Americans, Germans, Jews, and Irishmen, and all are good and faithful to their duties. Every nationality that has any following at all in the city is represented in the postoffice department, and Sam Lee will send up a petition for "government witness" in a few days.

Judge Harris.

MACON, August 10.—[Special.]—Judge C. J. Harris, present incumbent of the city court judgeship, is receiving many compliments from the bar of the city. He will probably retain his seat without a contest, as his efficiency has been fully proven by his ability, as a presiding officer, his clear headed decisions and the energy with which he has kept the dockets open. His health was all that ever stood in his way, and that obstacle has been removed, for he is now in fine health and spirits as any man in Macon.

Five Dollars a Peep.

MACON, Ga., August 10.—[Special.]—Bill Simmons and Riley Capen work at Gibeau's. Simmons received a postal from his mother yesterday. He was sitting down reading, and Capen came in and said it was him, and was trying to decipher it. This angered Simmons and he cursed Capen, and then Capen retaliated and Simmons struck him, and Capen drew his big bowie knife, and this morning Recorder Patterson charged him \$5 for reading a one cent postal.

The Roof Home.

MACON, August 10.—[Special.]—The county commissioners are receiving bids from five firms for building the new Roof Home for the colored.

The bids are all much higher than was anticipated, and they divided on the lowest bid, Ingall and Giles again receiving it, and Amason, Jenkins and Phillips for accepting. They think the county is about to make out so much money on it, and so the matter stands.

The Blasting Case.

MACON, Ga., August 10.—[Special.]—Robert Irwin was up for trial in the East Tennessee blasting business today, and the court suspended sentence. It was required that he serve after the charges be of dynamite, to be smaller, and that a heavy bill be used as a protection to prevent flying rocks and debris from the explosions.

To the Gang.

MACON, Ga., August 10.—[Special.]—Dallas Hatcher and Bill Johnson, who killed Mr. Sharpe's horse; Hamp Stewart, the small chicken stealer and railway adventurer, and Anderson, the charming and piquant waitress, were led away to the gang this morning. The last two were not manacled.

The Nickel Club.

MACON, August 10.—[Special.]—At the meeting of the East Macon Methodist Nickel club last night, a crowd of one hundred and forty-five were present. The elegant parlors of Mr. George Wing's residence were thrown open for the entertainment of the many guests. The management of the affair was nicely conducted by Sergeant Amos Subers, who attended to the announcement and the distribution of the refreshments.

President Newman of the State Agricultural society of Alabama, was invited to a seat on the stage.

Rev. Dr. P. H. Mell, chancellor of the state university, was also invited to a seat on the stage.

I am under higher government," Dr. Mell said from the pit.

"Bring Mr. Mell with you," suggested President Livingston.

But Dr. Mell decided that he would retain his modest position in the pit.

On motion of Mr. C. A. Redd, of Columbus, Colonel Thomas Howard was given the privileges of the floor, and was invited to participate in the proceedings of the society to a permanent location of the fair in that city.

A telegram from Hon. J. W. Felton, mayor of Atlanta, was read, inviting the society to hold its next meeting in that city.

President Livingston introduced General Wm. Phillips, of the county of Cobb, who delivered a speech on "Fertility and Manliness." It was received with great favor. Dr. Osmier had evidently given much thought to his subject, for the address was a very valuable contribution to agricultural lore. It will appear in the printed proceedings of the society.

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A letter from Mr. John

S.L.

CONSTITUTION.

TS FOR TO-DAY, AUGUST 11.

size \$150,000
erity that we super-
the Monthly and Su-
lmann's Southern
and, and the company
the same are com-
in good faith toward
the company to use the
limits of our signature and
laws being sufficient to convict.

THROUGH THE CITY.
Paragraphs Caught On the Fly By the Constitution Reporters.

WAS DISCHARGED.—Joseph Bart, of county, was before Commissioner yesterday charged with violating the laws. He was discharged, the evi-
dence being insufficient to convict.

MONEY PAID.—Dr. Amos Fox, of the Royal Aransas, yesterday paid E. A. Fox three thousand dollars, the sum of his husband's life insurance policy, which had gone several weeks ago, in Florida, and he had gone for his health.

HAS GONE TO CARTERSVILLE.—Professor Hayes from Cartersville this morning, to have the farm convention in Atlanta for his bird show to Moon during the annual fair this fall. If he can con-
clude the arrangements, he will walk the

ENT ATTRAC-
TION, a million distributed.

LOTTERY COMP-
ANY has been formed by a group of
men and chartered by the state for
\$1,000,000, to which has been added
\$1,000,000.

NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL

BE POSTPONED. Look at the

GRAND MONTHLY

AND THE QUARTERLY DRAWING

OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUES-

DAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1886

PRIZE \$150,000

are Ten Dollars Only. Re-

Nives Two Dollars. Total

One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES

REPRODUCED

IN PART

OF

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Preferred Locals.



Cheapest Fruit Jars

In the state at MCBRIDE'S.

Gate City Stone Filters,

JELLY TUMBLERS, FRUIT EVAPORATORS,
BALDWIN'S DRY-AIR REFRIGERATORSHOW CASES, CHINA GLASSWARE,
Etc., new and stylish goods.

AT MCBRIDE'S.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S WEATHER SERVICE, U. S. A.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, AUGUST 10, 9:00 P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment
time at each place named.

	Baconer	Thermometer:	Wind:	Barometer:	Clouds:	Direction:	Rainfall:	Velocity:	Weather:
Augusta.....	60.21	66.65 NW	4 .00	00 Clear.					
Savannah.....	60.17	70 SW	.04	Calm.					
Jacksonville.....	59.17	81 SW	.04	Fair.					
Montgomery.....	59.23	82 S	.04	Cloudy.					
Tallahassee.....	59.18	78.72 SE	.04	Light.					
Gainesville.....	59.20	78.72 SE	.04	Light.					
Palatka.....	59.20	78.72 SE	.04	Light.					
Fort Smith.....	59.06	82.75 SE	.04	Light.					
Shreveport.....	59.06	82.75 SE	.04	Light.					

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p.m.—75th meridian.

Minimum ther.....

Maximum ther.....

Total rainfall.....

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